

Electron Identification + Event Characterization

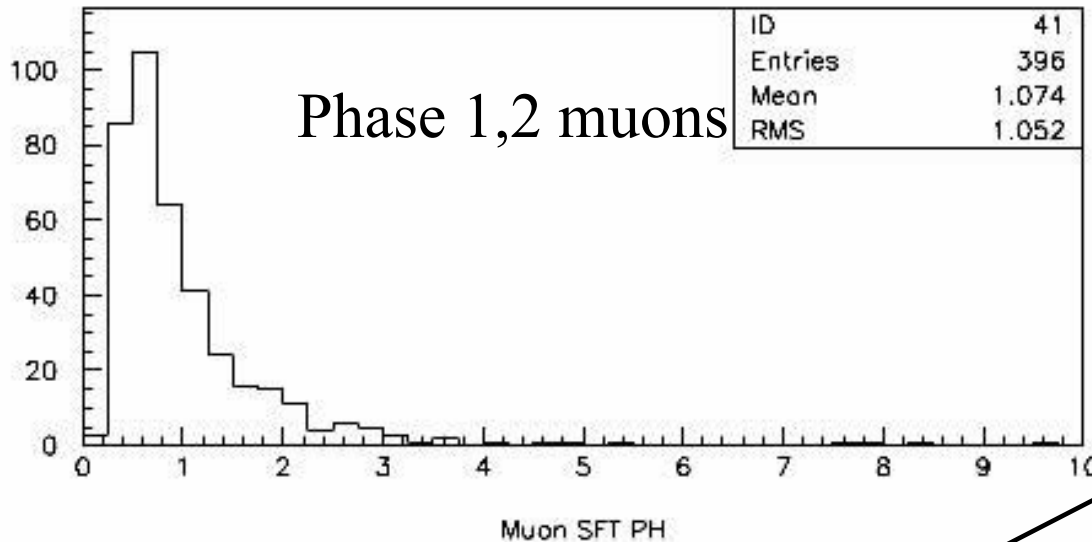
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September 4, 2003

Recent revisions to SFT/EMCal Electron ID

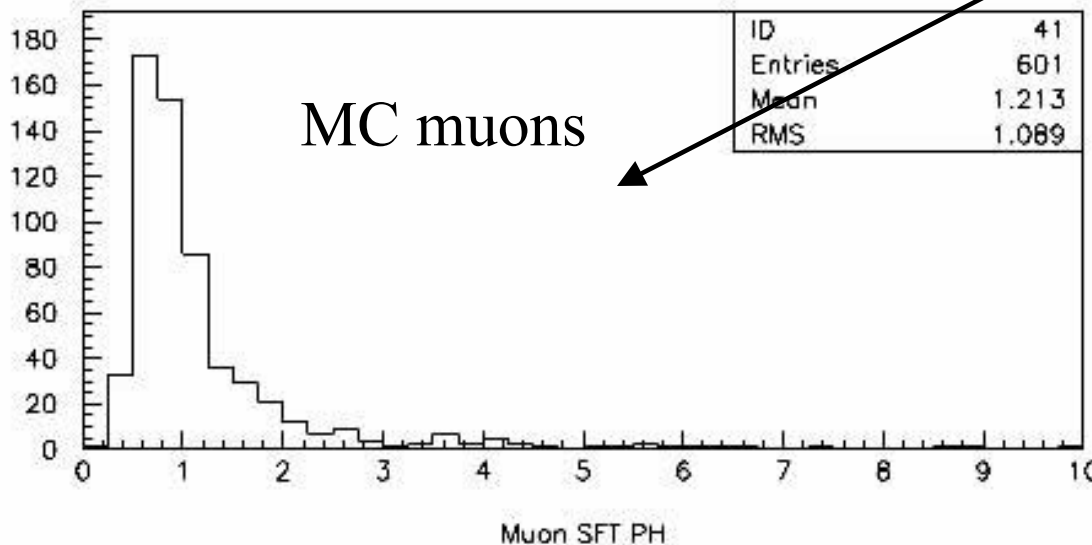
- SFT pulse height summing scheme unchanged
 - Corrected MC pulse height calibration ($\sim 3X$ too large)
- Drop requirement of large track angle separation (40 mr)
- Side-band SFT pulse height subtraction
- Unique association of emulsion tracks w EMCal clusters
- Changed method for tagging electrons

Data/MC SFT calibration



Sum muon PH using
WID cut

MC pulse height
after 3.2X reduction

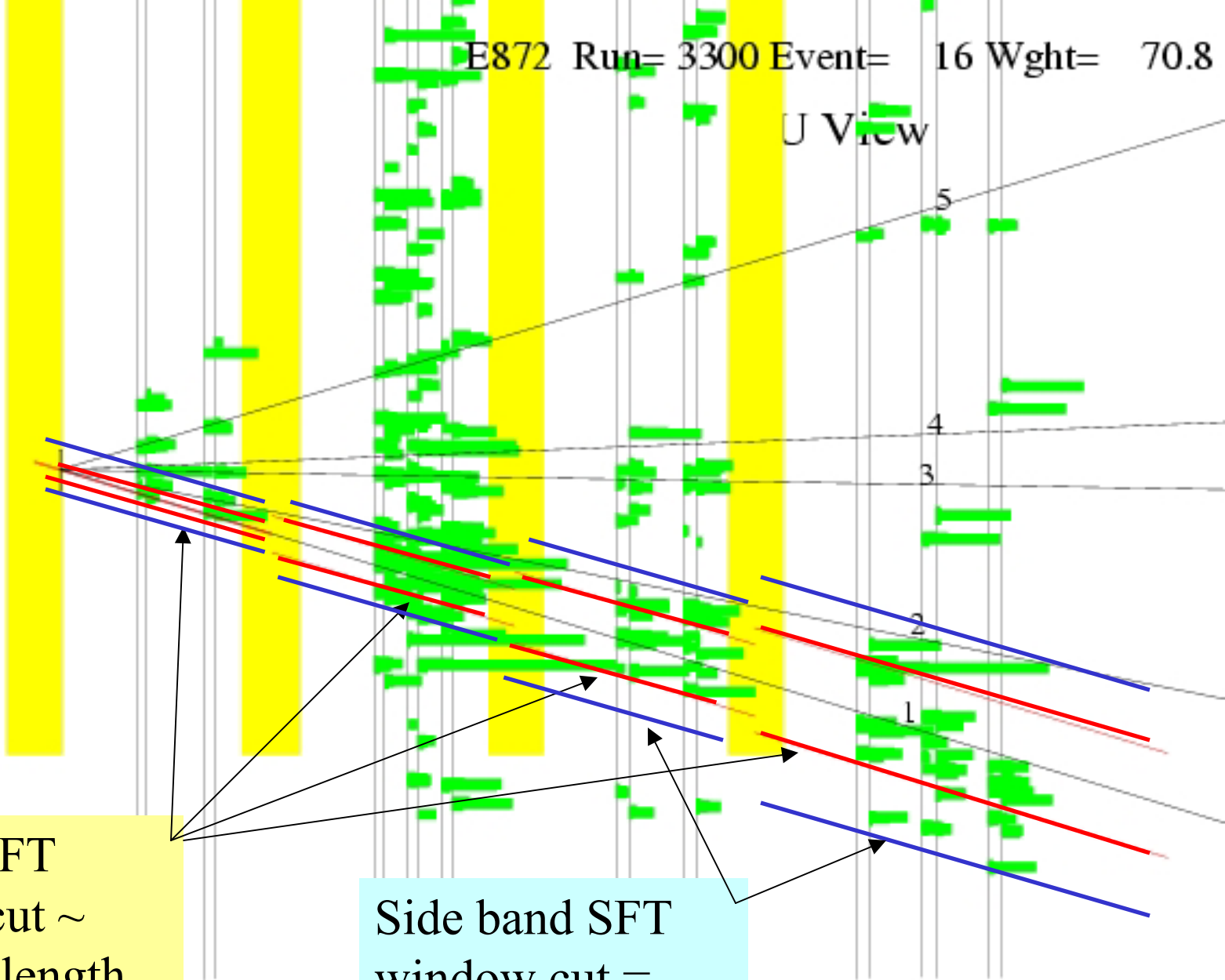


E872 Run= 3300 Event= 16 Wght= 70.8

U View

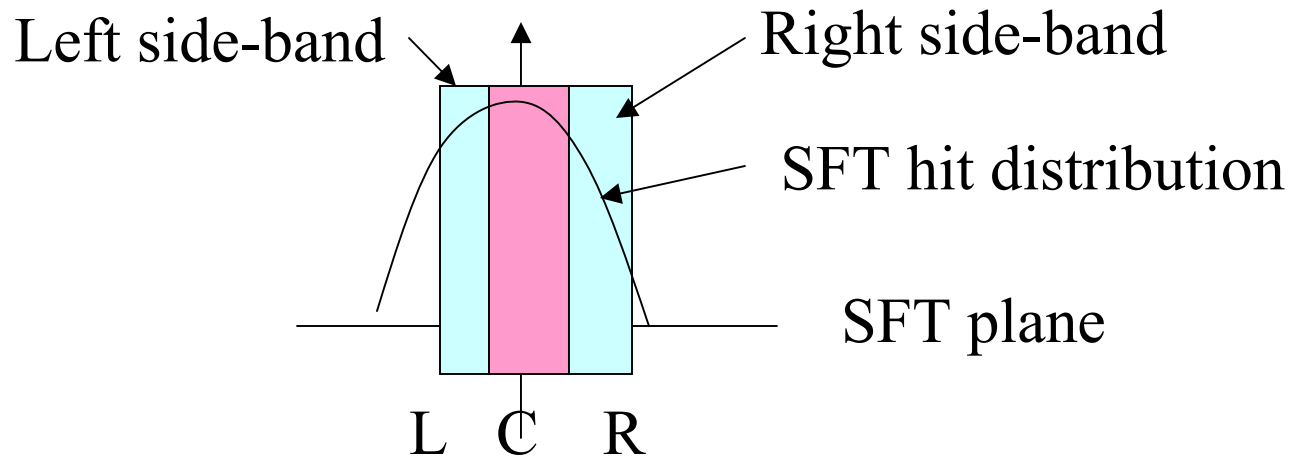
Central SFT
window cut \sim
radiation length

Side band SFT
window cut =
Central cut width



Side-band Subtraction

Crude method of separating track PH from adjacent showers



$C = \text{Sum PH within WID} = \pm .002 * \text{radlength}$

$L = \text{Sum PH within WID on left}$

$R = \text{Sum PH within WID on right}$

If $(L > C \text{ or } R > C)$ set $C = \frac{1}{2} * (L + R)$

Compare PH in each view

Remove showers from track PH

PH_n = pulse height in each view and station

$$\text{PH rms} = [(PHX - PHU)^2 + (PHX - PHV)^2 + (PHU - PHV)^2]^{1/2} / \langle PH \rangle$$

- If PH rms > 0.5 there is an inconsistency between the views
 - Ignore the view with the highest pulse height

Electron/Hadron Selection

- n_{stn} = number of stations traversed
- n_{lo} = number of stations with low pulse height (< 5 MIP's/plane)
- n_{hi} = number of stations with high pulse height (> 5 MIP's/plane)
- n_{bigrad} = number of stations with > 2 rad lengths
- E_{clus} = EMCal cluster energy within 20 cm

- *$Hadron = n_{lo} .eq. n_{stn} .and. E_{clus} < 0.5 \text{ GeV}$*

- *$Electron = n_{bigrad} .gt. 0 .and. n_{hi} .gt. 0$*

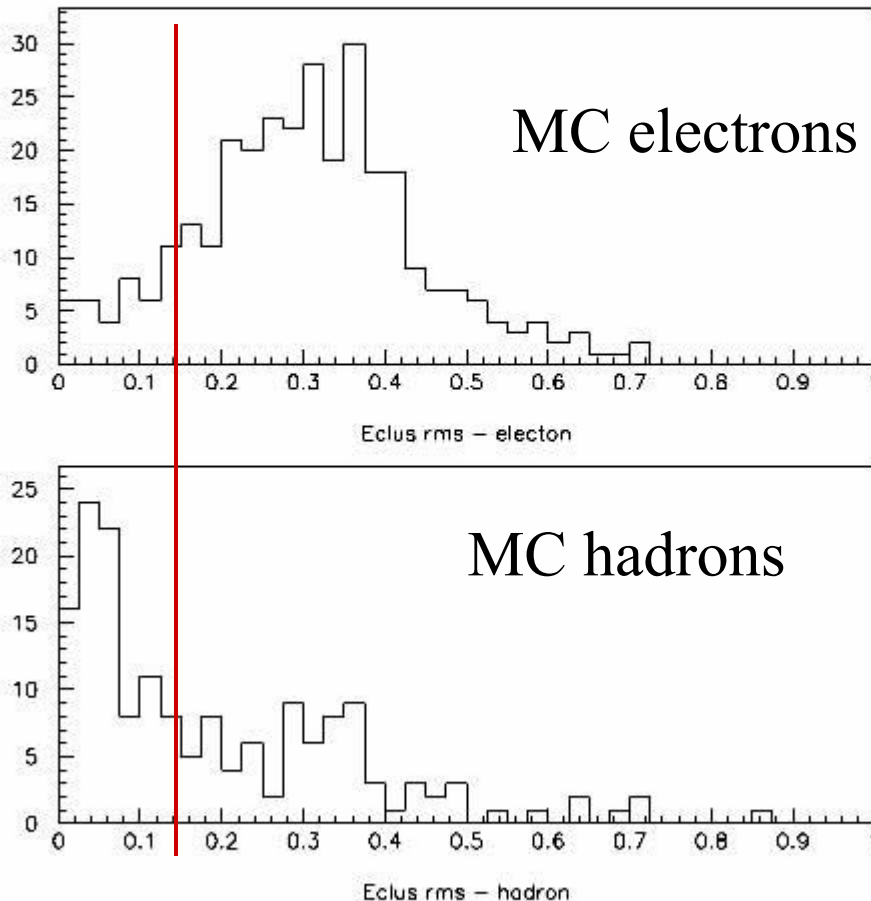
Special case for station 4

- *$Electron = n_{bigrad} .eq. 0 .and. n_{lo} .gt. 0 .and. E_{clus} > 20 \text{ GeV}$*
- Tracks failing these cuts are declared hadrons

These cuts are not effective in identifying hadrons that shower in the EMCal for events in station 4

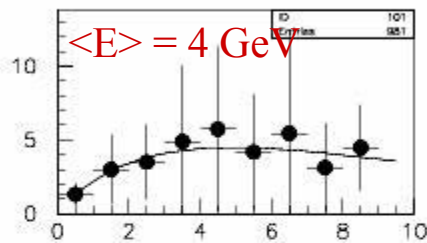
EMCal shower shape

e/π separation

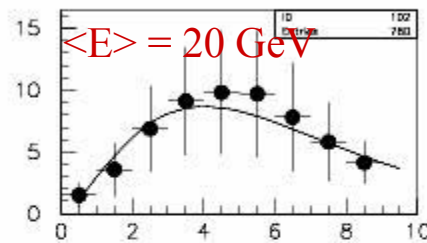


- Find Y width of EMCal shower associated with track
- Require central Eclus > 5 GeV
- Find Y rms using blocks within +/- 10 cm δX of projected track
- Set track Eclus = 0 if Y rms < 0.15 (preliminary cut)
- Y rms is ~independent of electron energy & radiation length

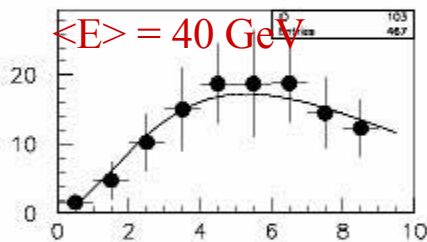
SFT Pulse Height vs t & Energy



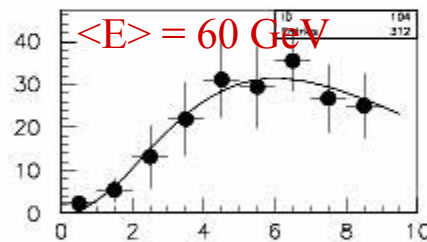
phsum vs t lt 10



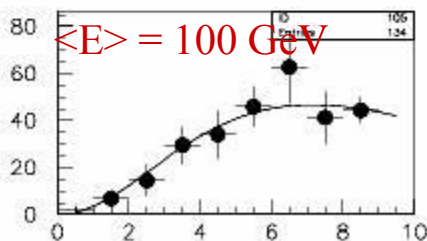
phsum vs t lt 30



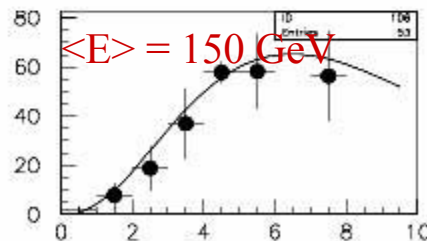
phsum vs t lt 50



phsum vs t lt 80



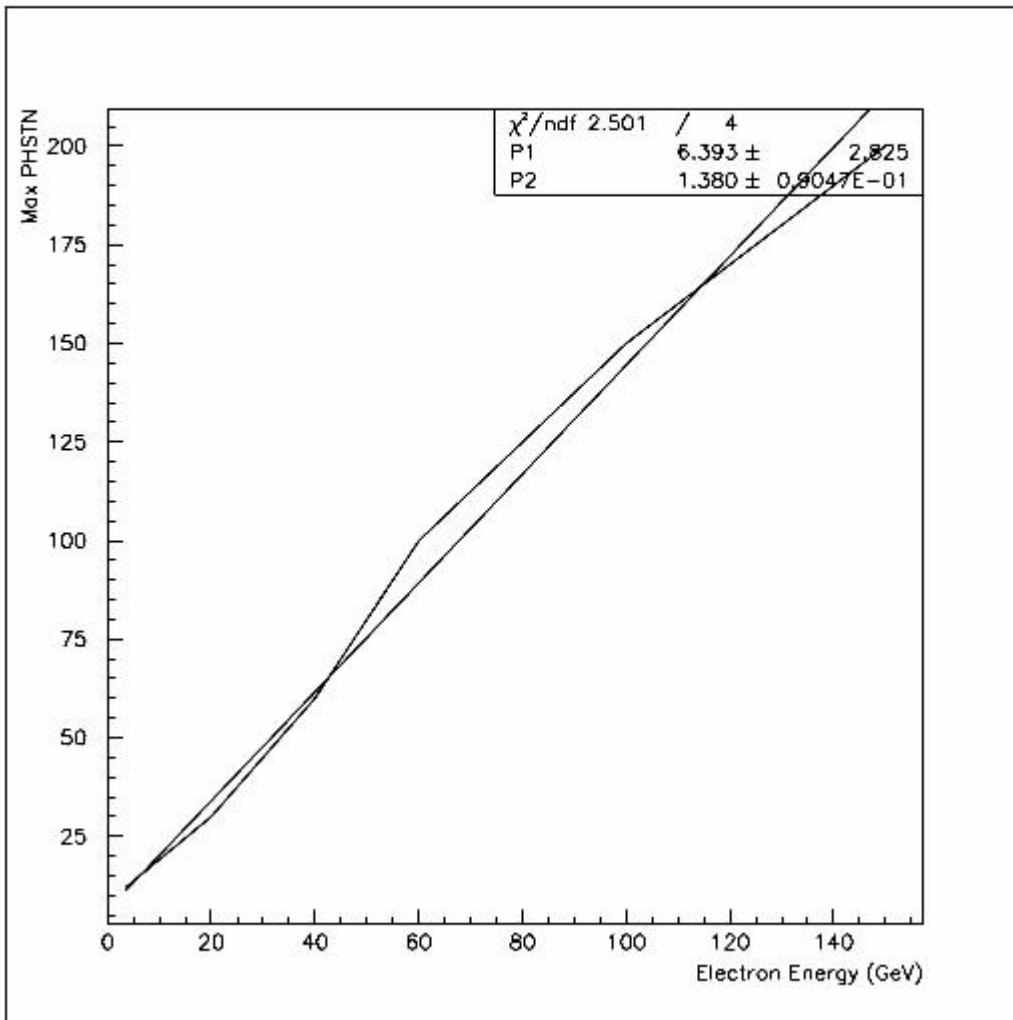
phsum vs t lt 120



phsum vs t gt 120

- Histogram SFT pulse height vs radiation length (t) in 6 MC Truth energy bins
- Used 3k Period 4 MC events
- Fit parameters not used
- Find maximum phsum in each histogram
- Linear fit of E vs $\text{phsum}_{\text{max}}$

Electron energy estimate



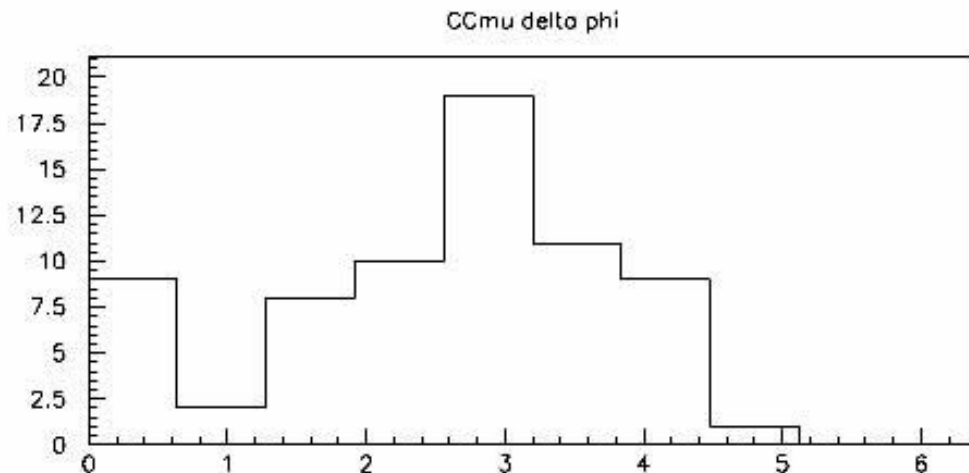
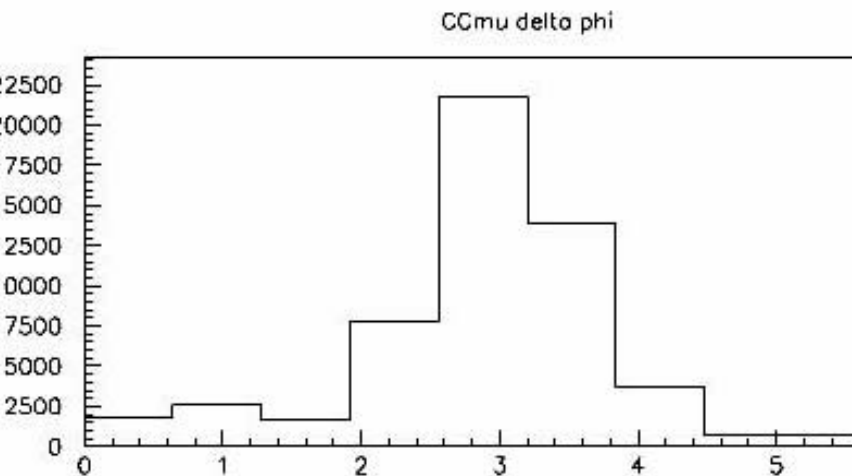
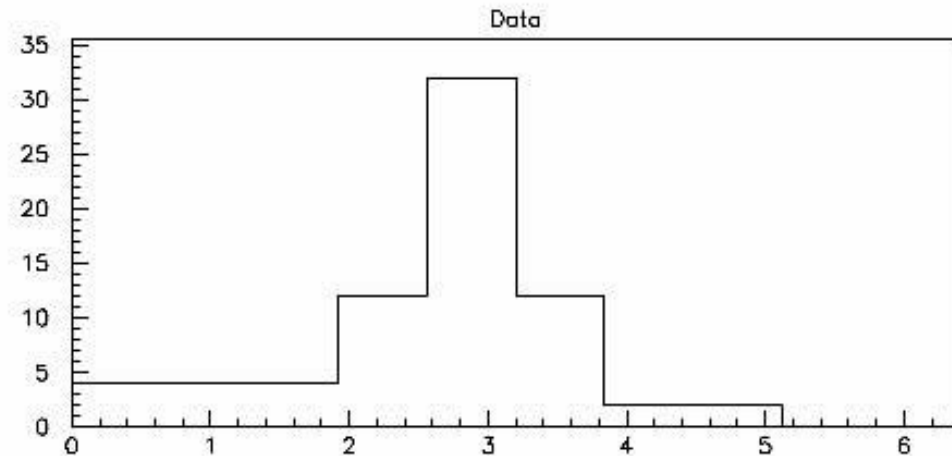
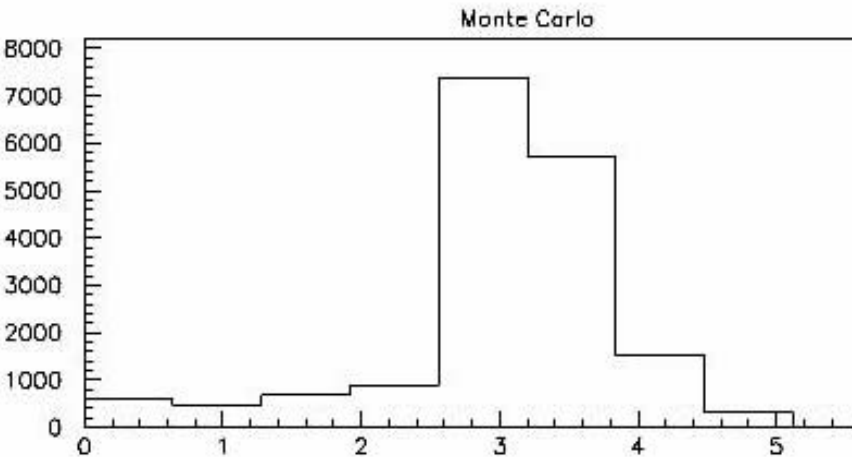
- If $E_{\text{clus}} > 10$ GeV, use Byron's estimator
 - $E = (E_{\text{clus}} + 2.5 \text{ GeV}) / (0.97 - 0.0929 * t)$
- If $E_{\text{clus}} < 10$ GeV use SFT
 - $E = 6 + 1.4 * \text{phsum}_{\text{max}}$

Event Characterization & Primary Lepton Selection

- If >3 MID hits \rightarrow muon CC
- If 1 tagged electron track electron \rightarrow CC electron
- If > 1 tagged electron assume there is only one primary electron + false positive electron tags
 - Find the track with the highest energy
 - Form a list of electrons with 50% of the maximum energy
 - If list contains > 1 electron (14% of 406 data events)
 - Primary electron = track with the best $\delta\phi$
- Store information in evt_info
 - Evt_lepton = primary lepton track number
 - 0 = NC, + = CCMu, - = CCE

Data/MC $\delta\phi$ comparison

> 3 primary tracks



CCe delta phi

CCe delta phi

Monte Carlo Results: Efficiency & Purity

	Tag Ccmu	Tag Cce	Tag NC
True Ccmu	74%	4%	22%
True Cce	2%	79%	19%
True NC	2%	16%	82%
True Tau	16%	24%	61%

Data events are corrected by the inverse of this matrix
(sans True Tau)

Phase 1 & 2 Results:

Preliminary

	Tag Ccmu	Tag Cce	Tag NC
Data events	164	93	149
MC Corrected	169	73	168
Location Eff	54%	37%	38%
MC & Loc Corr	313	198	441
Ratios	33%	21%	46%
Expected	41%	33%	23%

← From ANN

Event Types by Station

	Stn 1	Stn 2	Stn 3	Stn 4	All
Tag Ccmu	54	36	43	31	164
Tag Cce	28	18	23	24	93
Tag NC	42	29	42	36	149
CCe/Ccmu	52%	50%	53%	77%	57%
NC/Ccmu	78%	81%	98%	116%	91%

Station 4 problems remain

Compare with ANN

- ANN NC 104 events
 - 1 CCmu, 12 CCe, 91 NC (88%)
- ANN CCe 118 events
 - 4 CCmu, 75 Cce (64%), 39 NC

Visual Scan

	Tag Ccmu	Tag Cce	Tag NC
True Ccmu	72%	10%	18%
True Cce	7%	89%	4%
True NC	3%	24%	73%
True Tau	45%	55%	0%

Summary & Plans

- Rough agreement with expected event ratios
- MC/data differences need understanding
- Check CCmu events with tagged electrons